STATE OF NEW YORK SUPREME COURT: COUNTY OF ERIE

In the Matter of the Application of

BUFFALO PROFESSIONAL FIREFIGHTERS ASSOCIATION, INC., IAFF Local 282,

NOTICE OF ENTRY

Petitioner,

- against -

Index No. I 2005-9450

ANTHONY MASIELLO, Mayor of the City of Buffalo, New York and the CITY OF BUFFALO, NEW YORK,

Respondents.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the within is a true copy of an Order executed on January 27, 2012 regarding the above-entitled proceeding, and entered in the Office of the Erie County Clerk on January 30, 2012.

DATED:

Buffalo, New York January 30, 2012

GOLDBERG SEGALLA LLP

Rv

Matthew C. Van Vessem, Esq. Attorneys for City of Buffalo 665 Main Street Suite 400 Buffalo, New York 14203 (716) 566-5400

TO: Jonathan G. Johnsen, Esq. Creighton, Johnsen & Giroux Attorneys for Petitioner 560 Ellicott Square Building 295 Main Street Buffalo, New York 14203 Telephone: (716) 854-0007

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STATE OF NEW YORK SUPREME COURT: COUNTY OF ERIE

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ERIE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

ORDER

Index No. I 2005-9450

Hon. John A. Michalek, J.S.C.

In the Matter of the Application of

BUFFALO PROFESSIONAL FIREFIGHTERS ASSOCIATION, INC., LOCAL 282 IAFF, AFL-CIO,

-against-

ANTHONY MASIELLO, Mayor of the City of Buffalo, New York and the CITY OF **BUFFALO, NEW YORK,**

Respondents.

Petitioner,

Petitioner, Buffalo Professional Firefighters Association, Inc., by its attorneys Creighton, Johnsen & Giroux, Jonathan G. Johnsen, Of Counsel, having moved for a judgment pursuant to CPLR §§ 7510 and 7514 confirming the Opinion and Award on Remand dated April 11, 2011 issued by the Public Interest Arbitration Panel chaired by Thomas Rinaldo, Esq.; and the Respondents, City of Buffalo and its current Mayor Byron Brown, by their attorneys Goldberg Segalla LLP, Matthew C. Van Vessem, Of Counsel, having opposed the motion and having cross-moved to vacate the said Arbitration Award;

NOW, upon reading Petitioner's Notice of Motion dated July 5, 2011 and the Affirmation in Support of Motion to Confirm Arbitration Award signed by Jonathan Johnsen on July 5, 2011, with exhibits; and upon reading Respondents' Notice of Cross-Motion dated October 6, 2011 and the Affirmation in Support of Cross-Motion to Vacate Award signed by Matthew C. Van Vessem on October 6, 2011, with exhibits; and upon reading the Affidavit in Opposition to the Respondents' Cross-Motion to Vacate the

Arbitration Award and In Further Support of Motion to Confirm the Arbitration Award signed by Jonathan Johnsen on October 21, 2011, with exhibits, submitted on behalf of Petitioner; and upon reading the Reply Affirmation signed by Matthew C. Van Vessem on November 1, 2011, submitted on behalf of Respondents; and upon the attorneys for the parties coming to be heard before this Court on November 3, 2011; and this Court having issued a bench decision on January 12, 2012, a transcript of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A and made a part hereof; it is hereby

ORDERED, that Petitioner's motion to confirm the Opinion and Award on Remand dated April 11, 2011 issued by the Public Interest Arbitration Panel chaired by Thomas Rinaldo, Esq. is denied; and it is further

ORDERED, that Respondents' motion to vacate the said Opinion and Award is granted; and it is further

ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED, that the said Opinion and Award is vacated; and it is further

ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED, that the Petitioner's underlying petition be and hereby is dismissed.

Dated: Buffalo, New York

Hon. John A. Michalek, J.S.C

ENTER:

GRANTE

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EXHIBIT A

STATE of NEW YORK : SUPREME COURT

COUNTY of ERIE : PART 26

BUFFALO PROFESSIONAL FIREFIGHTERS ASSOCIATION, INC., LOCAL 282, IAFF, AFL-CIO,

Petitioners,

-VS-

Index #2005-9450 Decision

ANTHONY MASIELLO, Mayor of the CITY of BUFFALO and the CITY of BUFFALO, NEW YORK,

Respondents.

25 Delaware Avenue Buffalo, New York 14202 January 12, 2012

Before:

HONORABLE JOHN A. MICHALEK, Supreme Court Justice.

Appearances:

JONATHAN G. JOHNSEN, ESQ., Appearing for the Petitioners.

MATTHEW C. VAN VESSEM, ESQ., Appearing for the City of Buffalo.

Sandra A. Lelito, Supreme Court Reporter.

THE COURT: We got two things, we're going to take them -- I don't know what order you guys want them. Buffalo Professional Firefighters Association, Inc. and Local 282, IAFF, AFL-CIO versus Anthony

Masiello, City of Buffalo, City of Buffalo, New York.

I'm going to do that first. Then we're going to do in the Matter of the Application of Buffalo Professional Firefighters Association, Inc. for an order and judgment pursuant to Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules against Buffalo Fiscal Stability

Authority, City of Buffalo and Byron Brown, Mayor of the City of Buffalo.

MR. VAN VESSEM: That's fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: So, I'm sure you want this all on the record as well, so let's have appearance of counsel starting from my left.

MR. JOHNSEN: Jonathan Johnsen, Creighton, Johnsen & Giroux, for the Buffalo Professional Firefighters Association, Inc.

MR. VAN VESSEM: Matthew C. Van Vessem, Goldberg, Segalla, for the City of Buffalo.

MR. SULLIVAN: Richard Sullivan of Harris, Beach for the Buffalo Fiscal Stability Board.

THE COURT: Okay. So on the second one, we're just reading the decision, I think, or is there

were for decision today, but they -- we did ask for

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argument on the second one, too?

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subsequent submissions and you were going to give them an opportunity to speak if they wanted to. THE COURT: Yeah, okay. So, you're going to speak -- speak on the submissions.

MS. CLARKE: If they like but --

MS. CLARKE: Well, both was -- both cases

THE COURT: I know, they don't have to. Again, we're doing the first one first, which is a motion to confirm the arbitration award. So that means Johnsen gets to go first. And then we have the cross-motion by Van Vessem to vacate the arbitration award to dismiss the petition. You want to add anything?

MR. JOHNSEN: Nothing to add, Judge.

THE COURT: God bless you. Not that that will help you but, Van Vessem.

MR. VAN VESSEM: Nothing, Judge.

THE COURT: Swell.

MS. CLARKE: I guess Mr. Sullivan has nothing to add.

> THE COURT: You're not in this.

MR. SULLIVAN: Am I in this?

THE COURT: Wait a minute. I'm going to do

this. Anything to do on the second one? I'm going to do this all at once. You want to add anything? The second one, by the way, again, is a petition pursuant to CPLR Article 78 for declaratory judgment, again, by the firefighters, and motion to recuse and to dismiss petition. And that's, again, by Van Vessem and Buzard. Anything you want -- anybody want to add anything that?

MR. JOHNSEN: It's their motion to dismiss

THE COURT: No, whose motion for declaratory judgment?

MR. VAN VESSEM: It was a motion to dismiss.

THE COURT: Yeah. All right.

MR. VAN VESSEM: Nothing to add to that matter, your Honor, other than to note in our January 6th, 2012 letter to the Court that if the motion of the City or BFSA is denied, the CPLR 7804(f) grants us the right to submit an answer to discuss the issues of the merits of the case.

THE COURT: Yeah.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ SULLIVAN: I have nothing to add, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Now, that all being said, thank you, counsel, we're going to do the first one which, once more, is the Buffalo Professional





Firefighters. Again, I'm going to ask someone to submit a copy of the transcript with any proposed order or orders.

And again, Buffalo Professional Firefighters

Association, Inc. versus Anthony Masiello, City of

Buffalo, et cetera. Motion to confirm arbitration

award, cross motion to vacate the interest arbitration

award and to dismiss the petition. Okay. Just so this

makes sense, I'm just going -- usually I don't do this,

but a little background.

Again, in this proceeding, again, the firefighters seek to confirm what we call the Rinaldo II panel's arbitration award, which was issued on April 11th, 2011, and the City seeks to have it vacated.

The present litigation arises out of the 2005
Rinaldo I panel's arbitration award. And this Court
vacated the award on the grounds that the panel had not
complied with an age-old Fourth Department holding as
to the specificity required with respect to the
considerations forming the basis of the award.

The Appellate Division reversed this Court, acknowledging the Fourth Department's precedent upon which the Court relied, but stating that it was not going to adhere to their decision in the Matter of the Buffalo Police Benevolent Association versus the City

of Buffalo regarding the required specificity as to the bases for the arbitration award.

The Appellate Division threw out the health insurance portion of the arbitration award on the ground that this issue had not actually been properly before the Arbitration Panel, but confirmed the wage increase portion of the award.

The Court of Appeals reversed the Fourth

Department on the ground that the separate portions of
the arbitration award were so interdependent no part
thereof could be vacated without affecting the merits
of the remainder of the award. Matter of Buffalo
Professional Firefighters Association, 13 NY3d 803,
2009.

In 2010 a second arbitration was conducted, and in 2011 the Rinaldo II panel issued its arbitration award which gave the firefighters the same percentage wage increases but made no ruling on the health insurance.

All right. So relief sought by the petitioner, again, that is, a judgment pursuant to Sections 7510 and 7514 of New York's Civil Practice Law and Rules confirming the opinion and award on remand dated April 11, 2011, issued by the Public Interest Arbitration Panel chaired by Thomas Rinaldo, i.e., Rinaldo II. Court's going to deny that request.

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And the relief sought by the respondents, City and the Mayor, that is, for an order vacating the interest arbitration award dated April 11, 2011 and dismissing the motion filed by petitioner. I'm going to grant that.

This Court's rationale is that the award of the Rinaldo II panel, this Court finds, is arbitrary and capricious, exceeds the panel's authority, is not consistent with due process, lacks a rational basis and violates or disregards plain and clear existing law and, therefore, must be vacated.

Specifically, the Rinaldo II award lacks a rational basis and violates applicable law in that issuing the same award as to wage increases as did the Rinaldo I award without making any award as to health insurance, the Rinaldo II panel disregarded the clear determination and dictate of the Court of Appeals in the Matter of Buffalo Professional Firefighters
Association, Inc., Local 282, IAFF, AFL-CIO-CLC, 13
NY3d 803, again 2009.

In explaining its rationale for reversing the Fourth Department which had upheld the Rinaldo I award as it related to wage increases, but had vacated it as it related to health insurance, the Court of Appeals stated as follows; indeed, the arbitration panel

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explained that it was rejecting the City's wage proposal but that it would generate savings for the City on the health insurance portion of the arbitration award. As the parties agree, the separate portions of the arbitration award were so interdependent no part thereof could be vacated without affecting the merits of the remainder of the award.

In attempting to rationalize its actions which disregard the Court of Appeals' ruling, Rinaldo II award states as follows; the panel is mindful of the language it utilized in the initial award that took into account its now discredited award on health insurance. As seen above, the first panel's reference to the health insurance portion of its award on the issue of wages was limited to one sentence, I'm quoting, in setting forth its conclusions that the City's position on proposals one and two will not be accepted across the board, this panel would point out the award will generate some savings to the City by the panel's award on City proposals three and four, end This panel observes that the remarks of the first panel were not so much set forth as justification for the wage increase awarded but as part of the justification for rejecting the City's position that no wage increases be awarded for the two year period in

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question.

This Court finds, however, as already noted, the Court of Appeals adjudicated just that rationale the first time around by finding that the arbitrator's tying of the rejection of the City's proposal of zero wage increases with the health care ruling rendered the two issues so interdependent no part thereof could be vacated without affecting the remainder of the award.

Thus, the Rinaldo II panel has not only demonstrated that the Court of Appeals had zeroed in on the exact connection between the City's zero wage increase proposal and the Rinaldo I panel's health insurance ruling, but now improperly reiterates that same rationale for the Rinaldo II award. Therefore, the Rinaldo II award violates the law in that it disregards the dictates of the Court of Appeals.

Furthermore, the award of the Rinaldo II panel violates the law in that it disregards Public Authorities Law Section 3858 and resolution number 04-35, also known as the 2004 wage freeze, and resolution number 11-05 imposed by the Buffalo Fiscal Stability Authority by awarding retroactive wage increases. The Buffalo Fiscal Stability Authority Section 3858 and resolution 04-35 had been upheld by the higher courts. Meegan vs. Brown, 16 NY3d 395,

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2011, in Meegan vs. Masiello, 21 AD3d 1266, Fourth Department, 2005. An arbitration award cannot disregard applicable law. Court cites Matter of Berent, County of Erie, 86 AD2d 764, Fourth Department, 1982.

Moreover, the Rinaldo II award fails to comply with the Civil Service Law Section 209(c)(v) and Matter of Buffalo Professional Firefighters Association, Inc., Local 282, IAFF, AFL-CIO-CLC, Masiello, 50 AD3d 106, Fourth Department, 2008. In determining the matters in dispute, the Arbitration Panel must comply with Civil Service Law Section 209(4)(c)(v) by specifying the bases for its findings, taking into consideration the four factors that are then set out in detail, in addition to any other relevant factors.

These four factors are as follows; one, a comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the arbitration proceeding with those of other employees performing similar services and other employees generally in comparable communities. Two, the public welfare and the ability of the public employer to pay. Three, a comparison of peculiarities of the employment at issue with other employment, including hazards of employment, physical qualifications, educational qualifications,

mental qualifications and job training and skills. Four, in the terms of past collective bargaining agreements.

The Appellate Division, Fourth Department held in 2008 that the language of this statute does not require discussion of each of the statutory factors or those factors put in issue by the parties. The statute simply requires, as it expressly states, that the panel consider the statutory factors and specify the basis for its findings. Court cites again, Matter of the Arbitration Between Buffalo Professional Firefighters Association, Inc., Local 282, IAFF, AFL-CIO, Masiello, 50 AD3d 106.

The Rinaldo II panel failed to comply with this standard. Rather, as noted by the City, with respect to the award as it relates to the issue of health insurance, the Rinaldo panel paid lip service to its obligation under Civil Service Law 209(4)(c)(v)to provide the basis for the award by merely stating as follows; in quotes, taking into account all statutory criteria set forth in Civil Service Law 209.4, the panel finds that there is insufficient justification to award the City its proposal.

This Court finds that such a bare bones statement does not satisfy Section 209 of the Civil Service Law,

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even in light of the Fourth Department's recently articulated holding as to the level of specificity required.

Furthermore, in an effort to provide an additional basis for its award as to health insurance, the Rinaldo II panel references a separate contract arbitration award issued by another arbitrator, namely, Dennis Campagna, the remedial portion of which award was issued in November 2010 after the hearing before the Rinaldo II panel had been closed. Thus, the Rinaldo II panel acted outside its authority by impermissibly basing its award on matters outside the record and deciding issues outside the terms of the submission to it of present disputes. Court cites Mount St. Mary's Hospital vs. Catherwood, 26 NY2d 493, 1970. Also, Caso vs. Coffey, 53 AD2d 373, Second Department, 1976, affirmed 41 NY2d 153, 1976.

For all the reasons cited herein, this Court denies the petition and grants the cross motion to vacate the interest arbitration award and to dismiss the petition.

Finally, this Court finds no merit to respondents' argument that this Court lacks jurisdiction over this matter.

(Proceeding concluded.)

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the official court reporter's minutes of the proceedings and testimony in the matter of Buffalo Professional Firefighters versus Masiello, et al.

Sandra A. Lelito,

Supreme Court Reporter.